-The Presbyterian church, organlzed in 1788, has 389 presbyteries, 8,323 ministers, 11,212 churches or parishes and 750,000 members.

-American churches are springing up all over the Argentine Republic, nearly every important town having one with a Sunday-school attachment.

The number of women attending co-educational colleges has doubled since 1874. About the same number of women are attending co-educational colleges that are attending separate

-Nearly all the German universities have large endowments, and yet the state budget every year gives them large sums of money. The University of Leipzig, for instance, is more than four hundred years old and has large possessions of real estate in the city. The Saxon Government, however, gives it every year about \$400,000.

-The Baptist Theological Seminary at Morgan Park, near Chicago, lately dedicated a new building for chapel, library and recitation purposes. It is a two-story structure of brick, with stone basement and granite trimmings. Building and grounds cost \$38,000, and were the gift of Mr. E. Nelson Blake, president of the seminary's board of trustees.

-The Danish Minister for Iceland has recently announced that at the University of Reikjavik, the only institution of the kind in Iceland, lady students can be permitted to attend all the classes of the late logical department, except those of practical theology, and can be admitted to examination in exegesis, dogmatics, ethics and church history.

-According to the annual report of the treasurer of Yale College the total amount of the university funds is \$502,705.65, and of the academical funds, \$1,030,420.43. The income of the academical department is about \$161,000 and its expenses about \$170,-600. The largest item under this head is for salaries of instructors, \$93,892. The Sheffield Scientific School, one of the most prosperous arms of the university, has investments amounting to \$160,989.24. Its receipts are stated to be \$70,947.63, and its expenses \$64,-533, 65,

-A novel and excellent feature has been introduced in the high school at Caldwell, Kan., which keeps a file of all the leading county papers, with magazines and papers for young peo-ple, all of which are accessible to the students at unemployed moments. Every afternoon a portion of the time is devoted to live topics of the day. On a recent Friday one of the students gave an extended account of the railroad strike, another the death of Emperor William, and his successor; others of the life of Miss Alcott, of the Eastern blizzard, Oklahoma, etc.

-The question of clergymen's sala ries is an interesting one. Mr. Beecher's salary was, for a long time, the largest paid any minister in this country. He received \$20,000. A few years ago the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, of New York, increased Dr. John Hall's pay to this comfortable figure. At the close of the war Mr. Beecher's salary was \$12,- clean the watch."-N. Y. Mail and Ex-000, and it was in 1870 that it was press. raised to \$20,000. But Mr. Beecher was a very generous man as well as a man of extravagant tastes, and \$20,-000 was to him what \$5,000 would be to most clergymen. Dr. Hall, of long rehearsing: Brooklyn, receives \$15,000; Dr. Tal-\$12,000, and as much more from his lecturing tours, and Drs. Storrs and Cuyler, of Brooklyn, each

CARE OF THE EYES.

Extracts from a Recent Lecture by Dr. David Webster.

In reading, the book should be held at a distance of from ten to fifteen inches from the eyes. The reader's position should be such that the light may fall on the book and not on the eyes. The light itself should be sufficient; nothing is so injurious to the eyes as poor light in reading. Next to sunlight the incandescent light gives the best illumination for reading, and all notions of the injurious effect on the eyes of the electric light are erron-Reading while riding in cars should be avoided. The jolting and shaking of the train causes a great strain to the eves and injures them. There is a great deal of popular preju-dice against spectacles, but there are two good reasons why they should be worn, and only two. One is that we may see better, and the other that strain on the eyes may be relieved. The near-sighted child should wear spectacles, because they are the best preventive against increase of nearsightedness, and also because he loses a great part of his education in not being able to see more than a few feet away. When a person grows old the power of accommodation is lost, and even if he be not near-sighted the hardening of the crystaline lens prevents sight at short distances. Hence, he is obliged to wear glasses. The vast majority of persons who wear glasses can see as well without them. They use them to avoid a Constant strain on the eyes. The act of focalization is a muscular one, and uses up muscular energy. The over-sighted eye, in which the focus comes behind the retina, has to perform this muscular act continually. The results are headache, irritability and nausea. The

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BARBERS IN GERMANY.

Kow Shaving Is Performed by Talk

The German barber on his native heath differs radically from the German barber with American improvement. In the ordinary provincial town of Germany a man is seated in a canebottomed chair, without head rest or foot rest. His head is tipped back in such a manner that the chair back cuts his neck just above the collar. The barber turns out a small soup plate full of water, in which floats a piece of soap. A small semi-circular gouge in the rim of the plate is fitted to the customer's Adam's apple, and his face is rubbed vigorously with the stick of soap till a sufficient lather has been produced.

The shaving proper is performed with more of the proverbial Teutonic deliberation, A few hasty strokes on either cheek, a few more on the throat and chin, and the man has been shaved. A little alum is applied where the blood has started, the soup plate is again used to aid in a rather superficial wash, the customer pays his two-and-a-half cents and leaves. There is no bay rum, no brushing the hair without extra charge, and no brushing the coat. Foreigners, however, often receive these comforts by paying a cent or two.

Shaving at a shop rarely costs more than three cents, and often only one and-a-half. Barbers are to be found in every provincial town who are willing to go to a customer's house and shave him four times a week for twenty-five cents a month.-N. Y. Sun.

JEWELS IN WATCHES.

Little Stones Which Are Concealed in the Works of Time-Pieces. "How is the jeweling of a watch set? Well, it won't take long to tell all I know on the subject," said an expert in his line as he held an autopsy on an ancient time-piece this morning and tossed the case into a junk box to be melted down.

"Now take the better class of English watches, for instance. The jewels are set in brass or gold settings. The latter are fitted into holes with counter sinks and fastened with screws. A great advantage is claimed for setting jewels in this way. There is a decided facility for replacing a broken or damaged jewel without regilding the plate. In replacing, a piece of brass wire of suitable thickness may be used to hold the jewel. After being turned exactly concentric to the hole and of a slight taper, the wire is adjusted to the hole in the plate previously turned out, and then it is cut off at a length a little in excess of what it is required to be. All that remains to be done is to gently drive this setting into the hole in the plate till the proper shape is attained. The replacing of a jewel in this way can hardly be detected."

"Is a movement with plain set jewels inferior to one with screwed jewels.?" "Not at all. Persons who know noth-

ing about it think otherwise. The movement with screwed jewels has a more elegant appearance. That is the only difference except that it is more trouble to repair. All the screws and jewels must be taken out to thoroughly

A Sudden At-tack.

He dropped on his knees at her feet and began the speech he had been so

"Darling love, I hate you-I-mean, mean

Here his face assumed a livid hue and began to tie itself in hard knots.
"What is it—paralysis?" she asked, frantically.

"No, love," he whispered, hoarsely, "I am kneeling on a tack!"-Detroit

In another column of this issue will be found an entirely new and novel specimen of attractive advertising. It is one of the neatest ever placed in our paper and we think our readers will be well repaid for examining the surrosed display letters in the advertisement of Prickly Ash Bitters.

A WRITER says that an ordinary bootle can draw twenty times its own weight. It ought to go on the road as a theatrical star.

Ir you are waiting for something to turn up, just step on a barrel hoop.

GLUTTON-one that digs his grave with his teeth.-Judge.

A woman's question—"What are you going to trim it with!"

THE owners of the hotel weighing-ma chines believe in St. Nickel-us. - Boston Bulletin.

THERE is no h in Volapuk—so English, you know. You ought to learn it!—Puck. Ir does not take a very expert artist to draw party lines.—Pitteburgh Chronicle-Tele

"SHE" is the name of a rich gold mine in Africa. It will be a difficult matter for men miners to find the pockets in it.—But

Time gallops under the spur of the m

A DULL speech is of necessity a cheerle affair.—Merchant Transler.

THE due is on the rye when a paid his whisky bill.

What is it gives a cold, cures a copays the doctor's bill? A draught.

It is a queer thing that in the ethics of kinship a man usually rushes for his uncle after bidding good-bye to his ante.—2id-Bits.

"WHAT'S this, waiter!" "Ra name for soup, sir." "Ye

This is a synonym for that gloomy, har-rassed condition of the mind which has its origin in dyspepsia. All the ugly spirits that, under the name of the "blues," "lue devils," "megrims" and "mulligrubs" tor-ments the dyspeptic almost ceaselessly, vanish when attacked with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, that, moreover, annihilates billiousness, constipation, chills and fever, kidney complaints and nervousness.

WATER from the river Styr should be cod material for mucilage and manufacturers.—Pack.

How Mr Throat Hurrs! Why don't you use Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.



Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Br Burns, Scalds, Frost-bites.

The best and surest Remedy for Cure all diseases caused by any derangement of the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowel the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation Bilious Complaints and Malaria of all kind

em, restores and preserves health. It is purely Vegetable, and cannot fall t prove beneficial, both to old and young.
As a Blood Purifier it is superior to all

hers. Sold everywhere at \$1.00 a bottle

\$85 SOLID GOLD WATCH FREE

CATARRH **CREAM BALM** Thad catarrh so bad there were great sores in my nose, one place Two bottles of Ety's Cream Balm did the

work. My nose and head are well C.S. McMillen, Sibley, Mo. HAY-FEVER A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable Price 30 cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts ELY BROTHERS, 25 Greenwich St., New York. FOR ALL DISORDERS OF THE

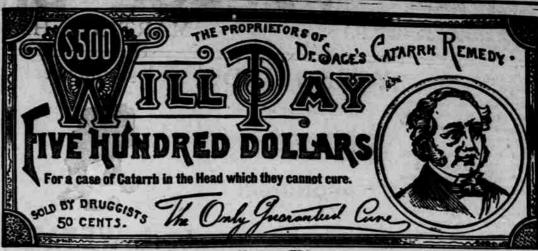
Stomach, Liver and Bowels

ST.UCTLY VEGETABLE. CUBE CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DYSPILLS, SICK HEADACHE, LIVER COMPLAINTS Price, Sick Haddere, Laver Corporation, 2019
Of Appetite, Biliousness, Nervourness, Jaly
Bice, Etc.
Price, 35 cents.
Price, 15.
Price, 15.





BO YOU WAXT FREE



CATARRH IN THE HEAD.

thers, thick, tenacious, mucous, purchent, block, and acrid, at hers, thick, tenacious, mucous, purchent, bloody and purid; e eyes are weak; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, lacking coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive mate, together with sense from ulcers; the voice is changed and a "massil twang"; the breath is offensive; smell and taste paired; there is a sensation of dizziness, with mental depresn, a backing cough and general debility. Only a few of the yearned symptoms are likely to be present in any one case, susands of cases annually, without manifesting half of the yearned symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave, disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous, less erstood, or more unsuccessfully treated by physicians.

If you would remove an evil are.

TREATMENT.

If you would remove an evil, strike at tize root. As the predisposing or real cause of catarrh is, in the majority of cases, some weakness, impurity, or otherwise faulty condition of the system, in attempting to cure the disease our chief aim must be ected to the removal of that cause. The more we see of this lous disease, and we treat successfully thousands of cases and ally at the invalids Hotel and Surgical Institute, the more do realize the importance of combining with the use of a local, thing and healing application, a thorough and persistent interture of blood-cleaning and tonic medicines.

In curing catarrh and all the various diseases with which it is so frequently complicated, as throat, bronchial, and lung diseases, weak stomach, catarrhal deafness, weak or inflamed eyes, impure blood, scrofulous and apphilitic taints, the wonderful powers and virtues of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medcannot be too strongly extolled. It has a specific RELIANCE.

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TO MAKE A DELICIOUS BISCUIT ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

DWIGHT'S "COW BRAND" SODA AND TAKE NO OTHER.

doz to 4 lbs.



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This is the Best Shee made for boys or girls. Warranted no Sheddy and sold as follows:

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ectured by WORLD'S DISPENSABY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

And Hypophosphites of Line & Soda Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION,

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AND



NEEDLES

HUTTLES REPAIRS.

CALESTEN WANTED by the

IERSALL SET PENS

ed M.J.D.

ARED

only remedy in such cases is to wear glasses. For eyes in a healthy state, pure cold water is the best wash. When the cyclids are inflamed, a weak solution of salt and water makes the best domestic eye lotion. Never apply positives to the eye.—M. J. Sun.